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2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 2 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 1 of 42

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS							
COUNTY OF CHARLESTON)							
Sherry Knight as personal representative of the estate of Michael Knight,) CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET							
Plaintiff(s)) 0015 CP 10 0004							
vs.	2015-CP - 10 - 3906							
	ý							
Chad Thomas Cochran, North Park Grill, Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership, d/b/a Otranto Plaza,) CL 2015							
Defendant(s) Submitted By: Jessica L. Fickling Address: STROM LAW FIRM, LLC, 2110 N. Beltline Blvd. Columbia, SC 29204	Fax #: 803-252-4801							
NOTE: The coversheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers a required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filid outgoinpletely, signed, and dated. A copy of this coversheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint. DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)								
*If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules. This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules. This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached) NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)								
Debt Collection (110) Legal Malpractice (210) General (130) Medical Malpractice (220) Breach of Contract (140) Previous Notice of Intent Case # 20NI Failure to Deliver/ Marranty (160) Notice/ File Med Mal (230) Employment Discrim (170) Employment (180)	Torts - Personal Injury Conversion (310) Motor Vehicle Accident (320) Premises Liability (330) Products Liability (340) Personal Injury (350) Wrongful Death (360) Assault/Battery (370) Sander/Libel (380) Other (399) Real Property Real Property Real Property Claim & Delivery (400) Condemnation (410) Foreclosure (420) Mechanic's Lien (430) Partition (440) Partition (440) Possession (450) Building Code Violation (460)							
☐ Other (199) Inmate Petitions Administrative Law/Relief ☐ PCR (500) ☐ Reinstate Drv. License (800) ☐ Mandamus (520) ☐ Judicial Review (810) ☐ Habeas Corpus (530) ☐ Relief (820) ☐ Other (599) ☐ Permanent Injunction (830) Forfeiture-Petition (840) ☐ Forfeiture—Consent Order (850) ☐ Other (899)	Judgments/Settlements Death Settlement (700) Foreign Judgment (710) Magistrate-Civil (910) Magistrate's Judgment (720) Minor Settlement (730) Minor Settlement (740) Transcript Judgment (740) Lis Pendens (750) SCDOT (950) Transfer of Structured Settlement Payment Rights Appeals Arbitration (900)							
Environmental (600)	☐ Confession of Judgment (770) ☐ Employment Security Comm (991) ☐ Petition for Workers Compensation Settlement Approval (780) ☐ Other (999) ☐ Other (799)							
Submitting Party Signature:	Date: 7/08/2015							

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 3 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 2 of 42

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRCP, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Aiken, Allendale, Anderson, Bamberg, Barnwell, Beaufort, Berkeley, Calhoun, Charleston, Cherokee, Clarendon, Colleton, Darlington, Dorchester, Florence, Georgetown, Greenville, Hampton, Horry, Jasper, Kershaw, Lee, Lexington, Marion, Oconee, Orangeburg, Pickens, Richland, Spartanburg, Sumter, Union, Williamsburg, and York

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

You are required to take the following action(s):

- 1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
- 2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
- 3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
- 4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
- 5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
- 6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR. Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 5 of 43 2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 4 of 42

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF CHARLESTON)	COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE 9 TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT			
SHERRY KNIGHT, as personal Representative for the Estate of Michael Knight,)))	C/A No.: 2015-CP- <u>10</u> -		,	
Plaintiff,)))	SUMMONS		COLUMN 1	
V.)		PH CO		
Chad Thomas Cochran, North Park Grill,)		도 전 1	4, :	
And Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership)				
d/b/a Otranto Plaza,)	,	ا الرواحية الا		
Defendants,) _) _)				

TO: THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS AND/OR THEIR LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, a copy of which is hereby served on you, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the said Complaint upon the Subscribers at 2110 Beltline Boulevard, Columbia, South Carolina 29204, within thirty (30) days after service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in such Complaint.

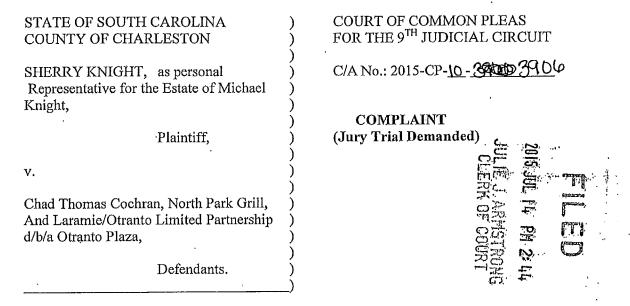
STROM LAW FIRM, LLC

Jessica L. Fickling Mario A. Pacella Strom Law Firm, LLC 2210 Beltline Boulevard

Columbia, South Carolina 29204 Telephone No.: (803) 252-4800

Fax No.: (803) 252-4801

Columbia, South Carolina July 8, 2015



PLAINTIFF Sherry Knight, individually and in her fiduciary capacity as personal representative for the Estate of Michael Knight, would respectfully show unto this Court as follows:

NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. Plaintiff, Sherry Knight, ("Plaintiff") brings this action to recover damages arising out of, and related to, Defendants' North Park Grill ("Defendant NPG","NPG") Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership d/b/a Otranto Plaza ("Defendant Otranto Plaza") and Chad Thomas Cochran ("Defendant Cochran") wrongful acts, which lead to the death of decedent Michael Knight on or around September 12, 2013.
- 2. As further set forth below, as a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton actions, including but not limited to assault and battery, failure to provide adequate security, access to security, rules and restrictions designed to prevent the commission of violent crimes, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for the wrongful death of Michael Knight.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Sherry Knight is the duly appointed personal representative of the Estate of Michael Knight (Estate # 2014-ES-08-106), and Michael Knight's biological mother. Sherry Knight was appointed personal representative by Order of the Berkeley County Probate Court issued February 10, 2014, and is a resident of Goose Creek, South Carolina.
- 4. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Chad Thomas Cochran was a resident of North Charleston, South Carolina residing at 7925 St. Ives Road, # 12E.
- 5. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant North Park Grill is a limited liability corporation, organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina, whose primary place of business is 8780 Rivers Avenue, Unit A-126, North Charleston, South Carolina 29406, and whose registered agent is Ralph D. Hillburn.
- 6. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this complaint, Defendant Otranto Plaza is a limited liability partnership organized and existing pursuant to the state of South Carolina, whose primary address is 8780 Rivers Avenue, and whose owner resides at 500 N. Broadway, Ste. 239, Jericho, New York 11753.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. Jurisdiction and venue are proper before this Court as the actions that are the subject matter of this complaint took place in North Charleston, South Carolina, upon or around the premises at 8780 Rivers Avenue, and the parties are all residents of South Carolina, or entities organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina. S.C. Code § 15-7-30(C)(2), (E)(2).

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 8. At the time of his death on September 12, 2013, Michael Knight was 24 years old, one week from his 25th birthday. He was the father of one year old Robert Knight.
- 9. This lawsuit is brought on behalf of Michael Knight's estate by Sherry Knight, Michael's mother and the personal representative appointed to his estate.
- 10. On September 12, 2013, Michael Knight, and his brother Christopher Knight, were customers upon the premises of the North Park Grill, in North Charleston, South Carolina.
- 11. The North Park Grill is a food and beverage establishment located at 8780 Rivers Avenue, Unit A-126, North Charleston, South Carolina.
- 12. On the evening of Michael's death, Defendant Chad Cochran was also a customer upon the premises at the North Park Grill.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Chad Cochran began a verbal altercation with Christopher Knight while upon the premises at the North Park Grill.
- 14. Upon information and belief, no representative of the North Park Grill made any effort to stop this altercation, nor to engage law enforcement, or security personnel to stop the altercation.
- 15. The altercation continued into the parking lot area of the North Park Grill, at which time Chad Cochran drew a Kimber Pro TLE/R-II 45 calibur handgun, kicked Michael Knight in the torso, and fired a single shot into Michael's chest.
- 16. Upon information and belief, no representative of the North Park Grill contacted emergency services to respond to the scene.

- 17. Instead, upon information and belief, an independent witness and/or Christopher Knight called emergency services who responded to the scene to find Michael Knight, alive but in critical condition.
- 18. Michael Knight was lucid as he was transported to Trident Hospital for treatment.
- 19. Within hours of being shot by Chad Cochran, Michael succumbed to his injuries and died.
- 20. Upon information and belief, as a result of his role in the death of Michael Knight, Chad Cochran was arrested.
- 21. Upon information and belief, on June 4, 2015, Chad Cochran plead guilty to voluntary manslaughter for his role in the shooting of Michael Knight.
- 22. Upon information and belief, from 2011 through January of 2014 over 55 incidents were reported to police upon the premises of Defendants Otranto Plaza and North Park Grill.
 - 23. Upon information and belief, this number has only increased since 2014.
- 24. These incidents involved both minor crimes as well as violent occurrences.
 - 25. These occurrences include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Petty theft;
 - b. Shoplifting;
 - c. Copper theft;
 - d. Auto break-ins;
 - e. Fraud;

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 9 of 42

- f. Public intoxication;
- g. Simple assault;
- h. Armed robbery;
- i. Burglary/ Breaking and entering;
- j. Simple possession;
- k. Unlawful carrying of a pistol;
- 1. Disorderly conduct;
- m. Trespass;
- n. Assault and battery;
- o. Vandalism;
- p. Homicide.
- 26. Numerous of the above referenced incidents occurred on the premises of Defendant North Park Grill or directly in its parking lot, including instances of unlawful carrying of a pistol, reports of assault and battery and disorderly conduct.
- 27. These incidents both predate and postdate the shooting death of Michael Knight, and placed Defendants North Park Grill and Otranto Plaza on notice of the need for security upon the premises, or adequate access to law enforcement personnel.
- 28. Despite knowledge of these particularized violent occurrences, which would put a reasonable business owner on notice of the responsibility to protect customers from a foreseeable risk, Defendant North Park Grill and Otranto Plaza instituted no security measures designed to prevent or mitigate the existence of violent crime.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO DEFENDANTS NORTH PARK GRILL AND OTRANTO PLAZA

(Survival)

- 29. Plaintiff realleges the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 30. As set forth above, as a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton acts, Michael Knight was shot and killed on the evening of September 12, 2013.
- 31. Defendants' acts that proximately caused Michael Knight's injuries and death include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. The failure of Defendants to provide security services upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - b. The failure of Defendants to provide law enforcement personnel upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - c. The failure of Defendants to impose rules and restrictions upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - d. The failure of the Defendants to adequately and timely respond to known threats of violence sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of shooting upon the premises;
 - e. The failure to have adequate, timely access to local law enforcement personnel sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;

- f. The failure of Defendants to perform adequate security checks of patrons entering upon the premises, despite the known risk of customers carrying arms upon the premises.
- 32. As a direct result of Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, described more fully above, Michael Knight was severely injured, suffered needlessly both mentally and physically, and subsequently died from his injuries.
- 33. Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendants for actual, consequential, and punitive damages for the Defendants' actions.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT CHAD THOMAS COCHRAN (Survival)

- 34. Plaintiff realleges the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 35. As set forth above, as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, Michael Knight was shot and killed on the evening of September 12, 2013.
- 36. Defendant's acts that proximately caused Michael Knight's injuries and death include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Carrying a firearm onto a business premises;
 - b. Initiating a verbal altercation with the deceased and/or the deceased's brother;

- c. Intentionally, and without the deceased's permission, using physical force against the deceased by kicking him, such that Michael Knight was reasonably in fear for his safety;
- d. Deploying a firearm upon Michael Knight and mortally wounding him;
- 37. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, described more fully above, Michael Knight was severely injured, suffered needlessly, both physically and mentally and subsequently died from his injuries.
- 38. Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendant for actual, consequential, and punitive damages for Defendant's actions.

FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO ALL DEFENDANTS (Wrongful Death Under S.C. Code § 15-51-10, et seq.)

- 39. Plaintiff reallages the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 40. Plaintiff brings this action for the wrongful death of Michael Knight pursuant to S.C. Code § 15-51-10, et seq. on behalf of the statutory heirs of Michael Knight, who died on or around September 12, 2013.
- 41. The death of Michael Knight was caused as a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of the Defendants as set forth more fully above.
- 42. As a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of Defendants, Michael Knight 's statutory heirs have been damages and suffered as follows:

- a. loss of financial, economic support, and contribution;
- b. extreme mental shock and suffering;
- c. tremendous grief and sorrow;
- d. loss of the parental relationship;
- e. loss of the relationship with a child;
- f. loss of friendship and companionship; and
- g. deprivation of the use and comfort of the deceased's society, knowledge, judgment, and experience.
- 43. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct as described more fully above, Plaintiff is also entitled to consequential and punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury in accordance with the law and evidence in this case.

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 15 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 14 of 42

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff individually, and in her fiduciary capacity as the personal representative of the Estate of Michael Knight, prays for judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, for actual, consequential and punitive damages, for costs associated with this action, and for such other relief in law or equity as this court deems just and proper.

STROM LAW FIRM, LLC

Jessica L. Fickling Mario A. Pacella

2110 N. Beltline Boulevard

Columbia, SC 29204

TEL: (803) 252-4800

FAC: (803) 252-4801 jfickling@stromlaw.com

mpacella@stromlaw.com

This $\frac{8}{2}$ day of $\frac{3}{2}$, 2015.

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 16 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 15 of 42

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS					
COUNTY OF CHARLESTON)) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS				
Sherry Knight as personal representative of the estate of Michael Knight,			;)	CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET				
			Plaintiff(s))	901	E CB	10 - 3906	
vs.)	201	.0-CF\-	10 - 8104		
Ch	ad Thomas Cochi		North Doub Cod 11)			CO CEL EST.	
La	ad Thomas Cochr ramie/Otranto Lir ranto Plaza,		North Park Grill, Partnership, d/b/a	•		(
0.0	rano rraba,		Defendant(s))				
	bmitted By: Jessica					100161 803-252		
Address: STROM LAW FIRM, LLC, 2110 N. Beltline Blvd. Columbia, SC 29204				e	•	803-252	1	
			•		Other:	: Ct - 11!	- Ostus milany sam	
E-mail: jfickling@stromlaw.com NOTE: The coversheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this coversheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint. DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)								
*If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules. This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules. This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached) NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)								
	Contracts Constructions (100) Debt Collection (110) General (130) Breach of Contract (140) Fraud/Bad Faith (150) Failure to Deliver/ Warranty (160) Employment Discrim (170		Legal Malpractice (210) Medical Malpractice (220) evious Notice of Intent Case # -NI-		Torts – Personal Injury Conversion (310) Motor Vehicle Accident (320) Premises Liability (330) Products Liability (340) Personal Injury (350) Wrongful Death (360) Assault/Battery (370) Sander/Libel (380)	D)	Condemnation (410) Foreclosure (420) Mechanic's Lien (430) Partition (440) Possession (450) Building Code Violation (460)	
	Employment (180) Other (199)				Other (399)			
	Inmate Petitions PCR (500) Mandamus (520) Habeas Corpus (530) Other (599)		Administrative Law/Relief Reinstate Drv. License (800) Judicial Review (810) Relief (820) Permanent Injunction (830) Forfeiture-Petition (840) Forfeiture—Consent Order (850) Other (899)		Judgments/Settlements Death Settlement (700) Foreign Judgment (710) Magistrate's Judgment (720) Minor Settlement (730) Transcript Judgment (740) Lis Pendens (750) Transfer of Structured Settlement Payment Rights Application (760)		Magistrate-Civil (910) Magistrate-Criminal (920) Municipal (930) Probate Court (940) SCDOT (950) Worker's Comp (960) Zoning Board (970)	
	Special/C Environmental (600)	Comple	x /Other Pharmaceuticals (630)		Confession of Judgment (770) Petition for Workers		Employment Security Comm (991)	
	Automobile Arb. (610)	· 🗖	Unfair Trade Practices (640)		Compensation Settlement Approval (780)		Other (999)	
	Medical (620)		Out-of State Depositions (650)		Other (799)			
	Other (699)		Motion to Quash Subpoena in an Out-of-County Action (660)					
	Sexual Predator (510)		Pre-Suit Discovery (670)					
Submitting Party Signature: SCCA / 234 (06/2015)				Date: Page 1 of 3				

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2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 17 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 16 of 42

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRCP, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Aiken, Allendale, Anderson, Bamberg, Barnwell, Beaufort, Berkeley, Calhoun, Charleston, Cherokee, Clarendon, Colleton, Darlington, Dorchester, Florence, Georgetown, Greenville, Hampton, Horry, Jasper, Kershaw, Lee, Lexington, Marion, Oconee, Orangeburg, Pickens, Richland, Spartanburg, Sumter, Union, Williamsburg, and York

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

You are required to take the following action(s):

- 1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
- 2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
- 3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
- 4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
- 5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
- 6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR. Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 19 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 18 of 42

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA FOR THE 9TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COUNTY OF CHARLESTON C/A No.: 2015-CP-_10 -_ SHERRY KNIGHT, as personal Representative for the Estate of Michael Knight, SUMMONS FOR 1st AMENDED COMPLAINT Plaintiff, ٧. Chad Thomas Cochran, North Park Grill, LLC, Stanec Enterprises, LLC, and Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership d/b/a Otranto Plaza, Defendants.

TO: THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS AND/OR THEIR LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, a copy of which is hereby served on you, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the said Complaint upon the Subscribers at 2110 Beltline Boulevard, Columbia, South Carolina 29204, within thirty (30) days after service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in such Complaint.

STROM LAW FIRM, LLC

Jessica L. Fickling Mario A. Pacella Strom Law Firm, LLC 2210 Beltline Boulevard Columbia, South Carolina 29204 Telephone No.: (803) 252-4800

Fax No.: (803) 252-4801

Columbia, South Carolina September 11, 2015

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 19 of 42

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA FOR THE 9TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COUNTY OF CHARLESTON C/A No.: 2015-CP-<u>10-</u> 3906 SHERRY KNIGHT, as personal Representative for the Estate of Michael Knight, 1st AMENDED COMPLAINT (Jury Trial Demanded) Plaintiff, V٠ Chad Thomas Cochran, North Park Grill, LLC, Stanec Enterprises, LLC, and Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership d/b/a Otranto Plaza, Defendants.

PLAINTIFF Sherry Knight, individually and in her fiduciary capacity as personal representative for the Estate of Michael Knight, would respectfully show unto this Court as follows:

NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. Plaintiff, Sherry Knight, ("Plaintiff") brings this action to recover damages arising out of, and related to, the wrongful acts of Defendants North Park Grill ("Defendant NPG","NPG") Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership d/b/a Otranto Plaza ("Defendant Otranto Plaza"), Stanec Enterprises, LLC ("Defendant Stanec") and Chad Thomas Cochran ("Defendant Cochran"), which lead to the death of decedent Michael Knight on or around September 12, 2013.
- 2. As further set forth below, as a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton actions, including but not limited to assault and battery, failure to provide adequate security, access to

Page 20 of 42

security, rules and restrictions designed to prevent the commission of violent crimes,

Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for the wrongful death of Michael Knight.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Sherry Knight is the duly appointed personal representative of the Estate of Michael Knight (Estate # 2014-ES-08-106), and Michael Knight's biological mother. Sherry Knight was appointed personal representative by Order of the Berkeley County Probate Court issued February 10, 2014, and is a resident of Goose Creek, South Carolina.
- 4. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Chad Thomas Cochran was a resident of North Charleston, South Carolina residing at 7925 St. Ives Road, # 12E.
- 5. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant North Park Grill has been a limited liability corporation, organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina, whose primary place of business is 8780 Rivers Avenue, Unit A-126, North Charleston, South Carolina 29406, and whose registered agent is Ralph D. Hillburn.
- 6. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this complaint, Defendant Stanec Enterprises, LLC has been a limited liability corporation, organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina, whose primary place of business is 8780 Rivers Avenue, North Charleston, South Carolina, 29406, and whose registered agent is Stephen J. Stanec, Jr.
- 7. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this complaint,
 Defendant Otranto Plaza has been a limited liability partnership organized and existing

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 E

Entry Number 6-2

Page 21 of 42

pursuant to the state of South Carolina, whose primary address is 8780 Rivers Avenue, and whose owner resides at 500 N. Broadway, Ste. 239, Jericho, New York 11753.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. Jurisdiction and venue are proper before this Court as the actions that are the subject matter of this complaint took place in North Charleston, South Carolina, upon or around the premises at 8780 Rivers Avenue, and the parties are all residents of South Carolina, or entities organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina. S.C. Code § 15-7-30(C)(2), (E)(2).

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 9. At the time of his death on September 12, 2013, Michael Knight was 24 years old, one week from his 25th birthday. He was the father of one year old Robert Knight.
- 10. This lawsuit is brought on behalf of Michael Knight's estate by Sherry Knight, Michael's mother and the personal representative appointed to his estate.
- 11. On September 12, 2013, Michael Knight, and his brother Christopher Knight, were customers upon the premises of the North Park Grill, in North Charleston, South Carolina.
- 12. The North Park Grill is a food and beverage establishment located at 8780 Rivers Avenue, Unit A-126, North Charleston, South Carolina.
- 13. On the evening of Michael's death, Defendant Chad Cochran was also a customer upon the premises at the North Park Grill.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Chad Cochran began a verbal altercation with Christopher Knight while upon the premises at the North Park Grill.

- 15. Upon information and belief, no representative of the North Park Grill made any effort to stop this altercation, nor to engage law enforcement, or security personnel to stop the altercation.
- 16. The altercation continued into the parking lot area of the North Park Grill, at which time Chad Cochran drew a Kimber Pro TLE/R-II 45 calibur handgun, kicked Michael Knight in the torso, and fired a single shot into Michael's chest.
- 17. Upon information and belief, no representative of the North Park Grill contacted emergency services to respond to the scene.
- 18. Instead, upon information and belief, an independent witness and/or Christopher Knight called emergency services who responded to the scene to find Michael Knight, alive but in critical condition.
- 19. Michael Knight was lucid as he was transported to Trident Hospital for treatment.
- 20. Within hours of being shot by Chad Cochran, Michael succumbed to his injuries and died.
- 21. Upon information and belief, as a result of his role in the death of Michael Knight, Chad Cochran was arrested.
- 22. Upon information and belief, on June 4, 2015, Chad Cochran plead guilty to voluntary manslaughter for his role in the shooting of Michael Knight.
- 23. Upon information and belief, from 2011 through January of 2014 over 55 incidents were reported to police upon the premises of Defendants Otranto Plaza and North Park Grill.
 - 24. Upon information and belief, this number has only increased since 2014.

- 25. These incidents involved both minor crimes as well as violent occurrences.
 - 26. These occurrences include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Petty theft;
 - b. Shoplifting;
 - c. Copper theft;
 - d. Auto break-ins;
 - e. Fraud;
 - f. Public intoxication;
 - g. Simple assault;
 - h. Armed robbery;
 - i. Burglary/ Breaking and entering;
 - j. Simple possession;
 - k. Unlawful carrying of a pistol;
 - 1. Disorderly conduct;
 - m. Trespass;
 - n. Assault and battery;
 - o. Vandalism;
 - p. Homicide.
- 27. Numerous of the above referenced incidents occurred on the premises of Defendant North Park Grill or directly in its parking lot, including instances of unlawful carrying of a pistol, reports of assault and battery and disorderly conduct.

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 25 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 24 of 42

28. These incidents both predate and postdate the shooting death of Michael Knight, and placed Defendants North Park Grill/ Stanec Enterprises, LLC and Otranto Plaza on notice of the need for security upon the premises, or adequate access to law enforcement personnel.

- 29. Despite knowledge of these particularized violent occurrences, which would put a reasonable business owner on notice of the responsibility to protect customers from a foreseeable risk, Defendant North Park Grill and Otranto Plaza instituted no security measures designed to prevent or mitigate the existence of violent crime.
- 30. The failure of Defendants North Park Grill/ Stanec Enterprises, LLC, and Otranto Plaza to protect customers from foreseeable risk of injury from third party harm constitutes negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, which directly and proximately led to the death of Michael Knight.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO DEFENDANTS NORTH PARK GRILL/STANEC ENTERPRISES,LLC AND OTRANTO PLAZA (Survival)

- 31. Plaintiff realleges the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 32. Upon information and belief, Defendants owned, operated, and had exclusive control over the premises upon which this incident occurred.
- 33. As the owners of the subject premises, Defendants owed Michael Knight a duty to use reasonable care to protect Michael Knight from harm, including the foreseeable risk of harm caused by third parties.

- 33. As set forth above, as a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton breach of duty, Michael Knight was shot and killed on the evening of September 12, 2013.
- 34. Defendants' acts that proximately caused Michael Knight's injuries and death include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. The failure of Defendants to provide security services upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - b. The failure of Defendants to provide law enforcement personnel upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - c. The failure of Defendants to impose rules and restrictions upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - d. The failure of the Defendants to adequately and timely respond to known threats of violence sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of shooting upon the premises;
 - e. The failure to have adequate, timely access to local law enforcement personnel sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - f. The failure of Defendants to perform adequate security checks of patrons entering upon the premises, despite the known risk of customers carrying arms upon the premises;
 - g. Such other particulars as may be determined during discovery and trial.

- 35. As a direct result of Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, described more fully above, Michael Knight was severely injured, suffered needlessly both mentally and physically, and subsequently died from his injuries.
- 36. Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendants for actual, consequential, and punitive damages for the Defendants' actions.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT CHAD THOMAS COCHRAN (Survival)

- 37. Plaintiff realleges the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 38. As set forth above, as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, Michael Knight was shot and killed on the evening of September 12, 2013.
- 39. Defendant's acts that proximately caused Michael Knight's injuries and death include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Carrying a firearm onto a business premises;
 - b. Initiating a verbal altercation with the deceased and/or the deceased's brother;
 - c. Intentionally, and without the deceased's permission, using physical force against the deceased by kicking him, such that Michael Knight was reasonably in fear for his safety;
 - d. Deploying a firearm upon Michael Knight and mortally wounding him;

- f. Such other particulars as may be determined during discovery and trial.
- 40. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, described more fully above, Michael Knight was severely injured, suffered needlessly, both physically and mentally and subsequently died from his injuries.
- Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendant for actual, 41. consequential, and punitive damages for Defendant's actions.

FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO ALL DEFENDANTS (Wrongful Death Under S.C. Code § 15-51-10, et seq.)

- 42. Plaintiff reallages the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 43. Plaintiff brings this action for the wrongful death of Michael Knight pursuant to S.C. Code § 15-51-10, et seq. on behalf of the statutory heirs of Michael Knight, who died on or around September 12, 2013.
- 44. The death of Michael Knight was caused as a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of the Defendants as set forth more fully above.
- 45. As a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of Defendants, Michael Knight 's statutory heirs have been damages and suffered as follows:
 - loss of financial, economic support, and contribution; a.
 - extreme mental shock and suffering; Ь.
 - c. tremendous grief and sorrow;

2:16-cv-03051-DCN

Date Filed 11/23/16

Entry Number 6-2

Page 28 of 42

d. loss of the parental relationship;

loss of the relationship with a child; e,

f. loss of friendship and companionship; and

deprivation of the use and comfort of the deceased's society, knowledge, judgment, and experience.

46. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct as described more fully above, Plaintiff is also entitled to consequential and punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury in accordance with the law and evidence in this case.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff individually, and in her fiduciary capacity as the personal representative of the Estate of Michael Knight, prays for judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, for actual, consequential and punitive damages, for costs associated with this action, and for such other relief in law or equity as this court deems just and proper.

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This May of September, 2015.

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 29 of 42

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA FOR THE 9TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COUNTY OF CHARLESTON C/A No.: 2015-CP-10-3906 SHERRY KNIGHT, as personal Representative for the Estate of Michael Knight, Plaintiff, AMENDED COMPLAINT (Jury Trial Demanded) ٧. Chad Thomas Cochran, Stanec Enterprises, LLC d/b/a North Park Grill, Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership d/b/a Otranto Plaza, and Dial, Dunlap & Edwards o/b/o Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership, Defendants.

PLAINTIFF, Sherry Knight, individually and in her fiduciary capacity as personal representative for the Estate of Michael 'Knight, would respectfully show unto the Court as follows:

NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. Plaintiff, Sherry Knight ("Plaintiff") brings this action to recover damages arising out of, and related to, the wrongful acts of Defendants Chad Thomas Cochran ("Defendant Cochran"), Stanec Enterprises, LLC ("Defendant Stanec"), Laramie/Otranto Limited Partnership ("Defendant Laramie/Otranto"), and Dial, Dunlap & Edwards ("Defendant Dial"), which led to the death of decedent Michael Knight on or around September 1, 2013.
- 2. As further set forth below, as a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent, negligent per se, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless and willful and wanton actions, including but not limited to voluntary manslaughter, failure to provide adequate

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 31 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 30 of 42

security, access to security, and/or rules, restrictions, policies and procedures designed to prevent the commission of violent crimes, all in contravention of South Carolina statutory and common law, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for the wrongful death of Michael Knight.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Sherry Knight, is the duly appointed personal representative of the Estate of Michael Knight (Estate # 2014-ES-08-106), and Michael Knight's biological mother. Sherry was appointed personal representative by Order of the Berkely County Probate Court issued February 10, 2014, and is a resident of Goose Creek, South Carolina. Plaintiff currently has custody of the decedent's minor child, Robert Knight.
- 4. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Chad Thomas Cochran was a resident of North Charleston, South Carolina residing at 7925 St. Ives Road, #12E. Defendant Cochran is currently an inmate at Perry Correctional Institute, in South Carolina, following a guilty plea in or around June of 2015, where he pled guilty to voluntary manslaughter.
- 5. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Stanec Enterprises, LLC has been a limited liability corporation, organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina, and doing business as North Park Grill, with a principle address of 8780 Rivers Avenue, North Charleston, South Carolina, 29406.
- 6. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this Complaint,
 Defendant Laramie/Otranto has been a limited liability partnership organized and existing
 pursuant to the laws of the State of South Carolina, whose primary address is 8780 Rivers

Avenue, North Charleston, South Carolina, 29406, and whose owner resides at 500 N. Broadway, Ste. 239 Jericho, New York, 11753.

7. Upon information and belief, Defendant Dial, Dunlap & Edwards, LLC is an entity organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina, and at all times relevant to this Complaint, was authorized, and expressly empowered to advise, supervise, control and/or make decisions on behalf of Defendant Laramie/Otranto in the daily operation of 8780 Rivers Avenue, North Charleston, South Carolina, 29406.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. Jurisdiction and venue are proper before this Court as the actions that are the subject matter of this Complaint took place in North Charleston, South Carolina, upon or around the premises at 8780 Rivers Avenue, North Charleston, South Carolina, 29406. Furthermore, all parties are residents of South Carolina, or organized and existing pursuant to the laws of South Carolina. S.C. Code § 15-7-30(C)(2), (E)(2).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS AS TO DEFENDANT COCHRAN

- 9. At the time of his death on September 12, 2013, Michael Knight was 24 years old, one week from his 25th birthday. He was the father of one year old Robert Knight.
- 10. This lawsuit is brought on behalf of the estate of Michael Knight, by Sherry Knight, Michael's mother and the personal representative appointed to his estate.
- 11. On or around September 12, 2013, Michael Knight and his brother Christopher Knight were patrons upon the premises at North Park Grill, in North Charleston, South Carolina.

- 12. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the North Park Grill was an establishment located at 8780 Rivers Avenue, Unit A-126, in North Charleston, which served food and alcoholic beverages.
- 13. On the evening of Michael's death, Defendant Chad Cochran was also a customer upon the premises at North Park Grill, and was carrying a weapon, which, upon information and belief, he revealed to other patrons of the restaurant.
- 14. Upon information and belief, during the course of the evening, and while a patron of the North Park Grill, Chad Thomas Cochran began a verbal altercation with Christopher Knight.
- 15. At some point during the evening, the altercation continued into the parking lot area of the North Park Grill, at which time Chad Cochran drew a Kimber Pro TLE-R-II 45 calibur handgun, kicked Michael Knight in the torso, and fired a single shot into Michael's chest.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Defendant Cochran fled from the scene, and failed to contact emergency services.
- 17. Instead, upon information and belief, an independent witness and/or Christopher Knight called emergency services who responded to the scene to find Michael Knight, alive but in critical condition.
- 18. Michael Knight was lucid as he was transported to Trident Hospital for treatment.
- 19. Within hours of being shot by Chad Cochran, Michael succumbed to his injuries and died.

- 20. Upon information, and belief, as a result of his role in the death of Michael Knight, Chad Cochran was arrested and prosecuted.
- 21. On or around June 4, 2015, Chad Cochran pled guilty to voluntary manslaughter for his role in the death of Michael Knight.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS AS TO DEFENDANTS STANEC, LARAMIE/OTRANTO AND DIAL, DUNLAP & EDWARDS

- 22. On the evening of September 12, 2013, Defendant Chad Thomas Cochran, and the deceased, Michael Knight, were patrons upon the premises of Defendant Stanec Enterprises, LLC d/b/a North Park Grill.
- 23. During the evening of September 12, 2013, Defendant Stanec became aware of an altercation that began upon its premises between Defendant Cochran and the deceased, Michael Knight.
- 24. Furthermore, upon information and belief, during the evening of September 12, 2013, Defendant Stanec was aware, or willfully ignored the fact that Defendant Cochran was carrying a weapon upon Defendant Stanec's premises.
- 25. However, upon information and belief, at no point during the evening of September 12, 2013, did any representative from Defendant Stanec make any effort to stop this altercation, to engage law enforcement, or other security personnel, or to remove the patrons from the premises.
- 26. Furthermore, upon information and belief, at no point during its operation as North Park Grill did Defendant Stanec preclude patrons from carrying weapons upon its premises.

- 27. Defendant Stanec was aware that the altercation between its patrons moved from the interior of Defendant's business to the business parking lot area, and was further aware that the altercation ended with the shooting of Michael Knight.
- 28. At no point in time were security services ever present upon the premises to interrupt, stop, or provide relief of any kind from this altercation.
- 29. Upon information and belief, from 2011 through January of 2014, over 55 incidents were reported to police upon the premises that is the subject matter of this complaint.
- 30. Upon information and belief, these incidents were reported to, known by, and understood by Defendants Stanec Enterprises, LLC, Laramie/Otranto and Dial, Dunlap & Edwards.
 - 31. Upon information and belief, this number has only increased since 2014.
- 32. The incidents that occurred upon the premises involved both minor crimes as well as violent occurrences.
 - 33. These occurrences include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Petty theft;
 - b. Shoplifting;
 - c. Copper theft;
 - d. Auto break-ins;
 - e. Fraud;
 - f. Public intoxication;
 - g. Simple assault;
 - h. Armed robbery;

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 35 of 42

- i. Burglary/ Breaking and Entering;
- j. Simple possession;
- k. Unlawful carrying of a pistol;
- 1. Disorderly conduct;
- m. Trespass;
- n. Assault and battery;
- o. Vandalism;
- p. Homicide.
- 34. Numerous of the above referenced incidents occurred in the ingress and/or egress of North Park Grill, owned and operated by Defendant Stanec, including instances of unlawful carrying of a pistol, reports of assault and battery and disorderly conduct.
- 35. These incidents both predate and postdate the shooting death of Michael Knight, and placed Defendants Stanec, Laramie/Otranto, and Dial, Dunlap & Edwards on notice of the need for security upon the premises, or adequate access to law enforcement, and/or adequate policies and procedures to address and eliminate threats to security upon the premises.
- 36. Moreover, the contract in place between Defendants Stanec and Laramie/Otranto, to be carried out by Defendant Dial, Dunlap & Edwards, expressly contemplated that security services would be provided upon the premises.
- 37. Yet, upon information and belief, and despite knowledge of particularized violent occurences, and the existence of a contractual obligation for security services, Defendants Stanec, Laramie/Otranto, and Dial, Dunlap and Edwards failed to institute or provide security measures designed to prevent or mitigate the existence of violent crime.

38. The failure of Defendants Stanec, Laramie/Otranto and Dial, Dunlap and Edwards, to protect customers from these foreseeable risks of harm constitutes negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, which directly and proximately led to the death of Michael Knight.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE FO ACTION AS TO DEFENDANTS STANEC ENTERPRISES, LLC, LARAMIE/OTRANTO LMTD. AND DIAL, DUNLAP & EDWARDS (Survival)

- 39. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs one through eight (1-8), paragraphs nine through twelve (9-12) and paragraphs twenty-two through thirty-seven (22-38) as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 40. Upon information and belief, Defendants owned, operated, and had exclusive control over the premises upon which this incident occurred.
- 41. As the owners, operators, and/or those with exclusive control over the subject premises, Defendants owed to Michael Knight a duty to use reasonable care to protect Michael Knight from harm, including the foreseeable risk of harm caused by third parties.
- 42. Furthermore, Defendants Laramie/Otranto and Dial, Dunlap & Edwards assumed a contractual obligation to provide security services, which Defendants failed to provide.
- 43. As set forth above, as a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton failures with regard to duties owed, Michael Knight was shot and killed upon the premises on the evening of September 12, 2013.

- 44. Defendants' acts that proximately led to the death of Michael Knight include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. The failure of Defendants to provide security services upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - b. The failure of Defendants to provide law enforcement personnel upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - c. The failure of Defendants to impose rules and restrictions upon the premises sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - d. The failure of Defendants to adequately and timely respond to known threats of violence sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of shooting upon the premises;
 - e. The failure to have adequate, timely access to local law enforcement personnel sufficient to prevent the foreseeable risk of violent crime;
 - f. The failure of Defendants to have adequate policies and procedures regarding the service of alcohol upon the premises;
 - g. The failure of Defendants to enforce policies and procedures regarding the service of alcohol upon the premises;
 - h. The failure of Defendants to eject Defendant Cochran from its premises after witnessing Defendant Cochran initiate an altercation upon the premises;

- i. The failure of Defendants to adequately train, supervise, or monitor employees upon the premises;
- j. The failure of Defendants to require tenants to create and impose adequate policies and procedures regarding security upon the premises;
- k. The failure of Defendants to perform adequate security checks of patrons entering upon the premises, despite the known risk of customers carrying arms upon the premises;
- 1. The failure of Defendants to impose adequate policies and procedures regarding weapons upon the premises, despite the known risk of customers carrying arms upon the premises;
- m. The failure of Defendants to adequately and safely control the actions of its patrons, despite the ability and responsibility to do so;
- n. The failure of Defendants to abide by plain contractual obligations requiring the provision of security services; and
- o. Such other particulars as may be determined during discovery and trial
- 45. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, described more fully above, Michael Knight was severely injured, suffered needlessly both mentally and physically, and subsequently died from his injuries.
- 46. Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendants for actual, consequential, and punitive damages for the Defendants' actions.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO DEFENDANT CHAD THOMAS COCHRAN

(Survival)

- 47. Plaintiff realleges the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 48. As set forth above, as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, intentional, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, Michael Knight was shot and killed on the evening of September 12, 2013.
- 49. Upon information and belief, on June 4, 2015, Defendant Chad Thomas Cochran pled guilty to voluntary manslaughter in the shooting death of Michael Knight.
- 50. S.C. Code § 16-3-50 defines "manslaughter" as the "unlawful killing of another without malice."
- 51. In general, the violation of a statute, where the violation affects a person who is a member of the class of individuals intended for protection, establishes the negligence per se of the offender.
- 52. Defendant Cochran violated South Carolina statutory law in one or more of the following particulars:
 - a. Carrying a firearm onto a business premises;
 - b. Deploying a firearm upon Michael Knight and mortally wounding him;
 - c. Such other particulars as may be revealed during discovery or trial.
- 53. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful and wanton conduct, described more fully above, Michael Knight was severely injured, suffered needlessly, both physically and mentally and subsequently died from his injuries.

54. Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendant for actual, consequential, and punitive damages for Defendant's actions.

FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO DEFENDANTS STANEC, LARAMIE/OTRANTO, AND DIAL, DUNLAP & EDWARDS, LLC (Wrongful Death Pursuant to S.C. Code § 15-51-10, et seq.)

- 55. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs one through eight (1-8), nine through twelve (9-12), paragraphs twenty-two through thirty-seven (22-37) and paragraphs thirty-eight through forty-six (38-46) as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 56. Plaintiff brings this action for the wrongful death of Michael Knight pursuant to S.C. Code §15-51-10, et seq. on behalf of the statutory beneficiaries of Michael Knight, who died on or around September 12, 2013.
- 57. The death of Michael Knight was caused as a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of the Defendants as set forth more fully above.
- 58. As a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of Defendants, Michael Knight's statutory heirs have been damages and have suffered as follows:
 - a. Loss of financial, economic support, and contribution;
 - b. Extreme mental shock, and suffering;
 - c. Tremendous grief and sorrow;
 - d. Loss of the parental relationship;
 - e. Loss of the relationship with a child;
 - f. Loss of friendship and companionship; and

- g. Deprivation of the use and comfort of the deceased's society, knowledge, judgment, and experience.
- 59. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct as described more fully above, Plaintiff is also entitled to consequential and punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury in accordance with the law and evidence in this case.

FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AS TO DEFENDANTS COCHRAN (Wrongful Death Pursuant to S.C. Code § 15-51-10, et seq.)

- 60. Plaintiff realleges the preceding paragraphs as though repeated verbatim herein.
- 61. Plaintiff brings this action for the wrongful death of Michael Knight pursuant to S.C. Code §15-51-10, et seq. on behalf of the statutory beneficiaries of Michael Knight, who died on or around September 12, 2013.
- 62. The death of Michael Knight was caused as a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of the Defendant as set forth more fully above.
- 63. As a direct and proximate result of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct of Defendant, Michael Knight's statutory heirs have been damages and have suffered as follows:
 - a. Loss of financial, economic support, and contribution;
 - b. Extreme mental shock, and suffering;
 - c. Tremendous grief and sorrow;
 - d. Loss of the parental relationship;
 - e. Loss of the relationship with a child;

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 10/18/17 Entry Number 34-6 Page 43 of 43

2:16-cv-03051-DCN Date Filed 11/23/16 Entry Number 6-2 Page 42 of 42

f. Loss of friendship and companionship; and

g. Deprivation of the use and comfort of the deceased's society,

knowledge, judgment, and experience.

64. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligent, grossly

negligent, reckless, intentional, willful and wanton conduct as described more fully

above, Plaintiff is also entitled to consequential and punitive damages in an amount to be

determined by a jury in accordance with the law and evidence in this case.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff individually, and in her fiduciary capacity as the

personal representative of the Estate of Michael Knight, prays for judgment against

Defendants, jointly and severally, for actual, consequential and punitive damages, for

costs associated with this action, and for such other relief in law or equity as this court

deems just and proper.

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This <u>31</u> day of <u>March</u>, 2016 Columbia, South Carolina

14